Shark attack!

How to catch a shark.

The Shark is seldom seen but in calm weather, he then severing so hear the surface that his back fin often appears about it, and this finesty the first inhitation of his presence.

As soon as the aborn of a "hark" is prin, along hook, about the thickness of a hair finger attached to a chain about a foot and a half long, is baited with a frice of fork, fastered to the first asper that comes than and thrown over board.

Captain Oakley saw sharks from the ship when the weather was calm not stormy.

The sharks he saw swam near the surface or top of the sea so that he could see their back fin above the water. When the alarm 'Shark!' was shouted a large hook on a chain with a piece of pork was thrown over the side of the ship.

The shark would try to eat the pork and get caught on the hook.

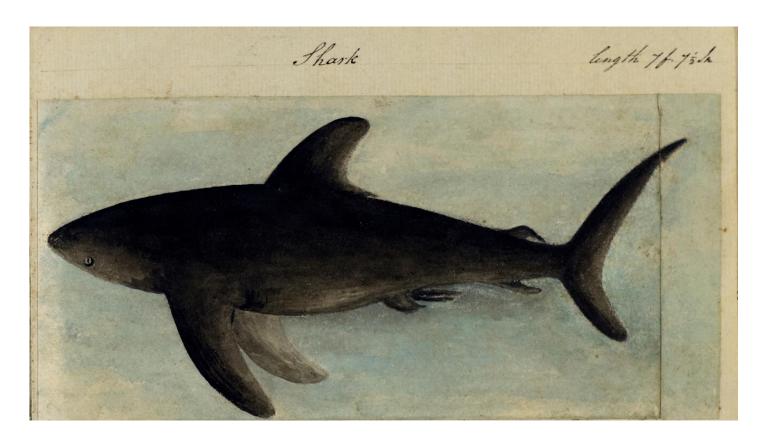
The people on the ship would cook and eat the shark.

A shark is caught from the ship.

langht a Shark this afternoon (The decord taken thering the boyage) measuring about Seven feet in lingth. The largest Sever Saw has 10 2 feet, taken at Stelene, but Saw

On April 10th a shark was caught in the afternoon. It was 7 feet long which is about 2 metres. The biggest shark Captain Oakley ever saw was 10 ½ feet long or about 3 ½ metres.

Captain Oakley's drawing of a shark





Archive Detective Question Sheet

Shark Attack!

1)	What sort of weather is good for seeing sharks at sea?

2) Why did they put pork on the hook?

3) How long was the shark they caught that afternoon?