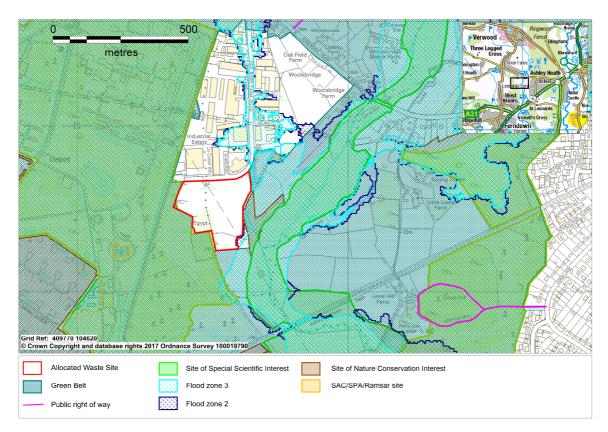
Bournemouth, Dorset and Poole Waste Plan Site Allocation – December 2017

Reference: Inset 1

Site Name: Woolsbridge Industrial Estate, Three Legged Cross



Site Information

Site Location Inc.	Woolsbridge Ind Estate, Three Legged Cross		
administrative area	East Dorset District Council		
Parish/Town Council	Site straddles the border of Verwood TC and West Moors PC		
Landowner/Agent	Site owned by Ankers & Rawlings Developments		
Description of Site	Allocated employment land south of the existing Woolsbridge Industrial		
	Estate.		
	The existing industrial area, to the north, contains well established building		
	stock, some of the estate is under-utilised with a number of vacant units.		
	There is an existing waste business (recycling/skip hire).		
Site area	5.08ha		
Range of facilities being	General Waste Transfer – up to 1ha land required		
considered	Bulky Waste transfer /treatment – up to 1ha land required		
	NB: Site also previously considered for a Waste Vehicle Depot, Household		
	Recycling Centre and residual waste treatment facility. These uses have		
	been discounted and are not proposed for allocation in the Waste Plan.		
Description of Potential	Two potential facilities are being considered, the site is large enough to		
Development	accommodate both, subject to a full assessment of impacts.		

	A waste transfer facility would comprise a building within which to store and bulk up materials. Minimum height 8m, maximum height 11m. The management of bulky waste would comprise a building for the storage, bulking up and transfer of bulky waste. Treatment facilities would enable bulky waste to be separated into different fractions. It could then be shredded to produce a valuable fuel known as Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF) or Solid Recovered Fuel (SRF).
Waste proposed to be	Local authority collected waste (waste from the householder), possibly an
managed	element of commercial waste
Traffic Generation	A waste transfer station could generate in the region of 2000 one way movements per year plus a small number of staff cars. Bulky Waste treatment – a 30,000tpa facility would generate 4 -10 HGVs per day (one way) and a small number of staff cars. This site is large enough to accommodate both waste facilities and
	therefore the cumulative impact of different activities and their associated
	vehicle movements should be considered.
Access Considerations	Use of the existing access to Woolsbridge Industrial or via a new access
	onto Ringwood Road know as Oakfield Farm
Relevant Local Planning	The Christchurch and East Dorset Core Strategy removed land from the
Policy	Green Belt and allocates the extension to Woolsbridge Employment Allocation under Policy VTSW6.

Site Assessment

Part 1 – Sustainability Appraisal

Colours shown below have been attributed to each category to aid the assessment of the site, based on the level and/or nature of potential impact. For example, red highlights a significant/absolute constraint whilst green highlights where the issue is unlikely to be a constraint to development. Positive impacts may also be identified under this category. Further details on the assessment process can be seen in the Sustainability Appraisal Report.

Category	Assessment	Constraint	Opportunity
Site and adjacent land	Allocated employment land comprising		
uses	agricultural land and previously developed agricultural land.		
	The land adjoins an existing Industrial estate.		
Impact on sensitive	There are no residential properties within 250m		
receptors	Several businesses are located immediately adjacent to the site, to the north, within the existing industrial sites. Access to any new facility would pass through the existing industrial estate.		

Where is waste managed	General Waste transfer would take in waste from	
at this facility likely to	the east Dorset area.	
derive?		
denve:	Bulky waste transfer/treatment would be a	
	strategic facility drawing waste from throughout	
	Dorset, via more localised transfer facilities.	
Traffic/Access	Local Highway Authority (DCC) Initial Response	
Traincy Access		
	(September 2014)	
	As part of the allocated extension to Woolsbridge	
	Industrial Estate, a new signalised junction onto	
	Ringwood Road is proposed. Any proposals here	
	would need to consider their impact on this	
	junction. Of a greater concern is that this site is	
	more remote from the principle origin of trips,	
	especially to an HRC, in the Wimborne and	
	Ferndown area. Siting such a use here could	
	result in an increase in overall vehicle miles on	
	the network and makes this site less desirable for	
	this use than others identified.	
	Comments reviewed Eab 2016 nothing further	
	Comments reviewed Feb 2016 – nothing further	
	to add	
	NB: A HRC is no longer proposed on this site	
	Highways England Initial Response (initial	
	comments September 2014)	
	NB: at this stage site was being considered for a	
	range of facilities including HRC.	
	runge of fuencies melauning rine.	
	The development of this site has the potential to	
	impact the Strategic Road Network (SRN), as the	
	site is located on the north side and close to the	
	A31 accessed via the Horton Road. All of the	
	potential facilities being considered may have an	
	adverse impact, although the Agency is mainly	
	concerned with the prospect of a HRC facility. It	
	could potentially generate significant movements	
	of private cars and HGVs on and across the SRN.	
	The HA considers that sites which are prima facia	
	likely to have more impact on the SRN than sites	
	better related to the community they serve	
	should not be favoured before sites such as this	
	are brought forward. The HA therefore considers	
	that it should lodge a holding objection to this	
	allocation whilst other more preferable sites are	
	considered.	

	Additional Comments received by Highways	
	England (Jan 2016)	
	Again, these comments were made based on a	
	wider range of possible waste uses inc HRC.	
	Comments remain the same, objection. The	
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	impacts on the SRN will depend on the type of	
	facility that is bought forward, particularly if a	
	HRC was proposed.	
Transport Planning	DCC Transport Planning Response (April 2016)	
	No further comments to add	
Economic Development	EDDC&CBC	
	There are concerns about having enough sites	
	available in the District / Borough to satisfy	
	identified demand for B-use employment. There	
	is also the issue of the aspirations that the	
	Council and Members have for the site to bring	
	forward a sufficient amount of skilled	
	employment opportunities.	
Public Rights of Way	No rights of way would be affected by	
	development.	
	The Castleman/Ashley Trailway passes at 450m	
	to the south of the site.	
Protection of Water	Environment Agency Initial Response (September	
Resources		
(Hydrology/groundwater	<u>2014)</u>	
/ surface water and	Flood Risk	
flooding)		
	Part of site is within Flood Zone 2 and Flood Zone	
	3. Some flooding is shown on our surface water	
	maps.	
	If there is an Ordinary watercourse on site – Land	
	Drainage Consent from the Lead Local Flood	
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	Authority (LLFA) may be required. LLFA should	
	be consulted on the proposed waste site.	
	Water quality	
	Unaware of current waste storage, but site drains	
	to sensitive Moors River, which is SSSI.	
	Site has a minor watercourse running through it	
	and is close to the Moors River. Site adjacent	
	Dorset Heaths SAC/ Dorset Heathlands SPA and	
	RAMSAR, and Holt and West Moors Heaths SSSI.	

Groundwater

This site is on a minor aquifer of Secondary or Unproductive designation. We would have no objection relating to groundwater issues subject to standard conditions for the protection of land and groundwater from contamination and oil storage. Any existing contaminated land will require Site Investigation, Risk Assessment and Remedial Options appraisal in accordance with CLR11.

Waste/ Environmental permitting

Other considerations to consider:

- Under power lines
- Odour and noise

The application of the waste hierarchy should be considered. Mitigation should be in place to reduce disruption from flooding and contingency if facility made unavailable.

Are further studies recommended?

Flood Risk

Because site is partially within FZ2 and FZ3, the Sequential Test / Sequential Approach should be undertaken by Local Planning Authority at the site allocation stage.

A detailed Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) is required to include assessment of flood risk from all sources. Preferably the FRA should be undertaken at the site allocation stage. This should also include surface water management . There may be restrictions on use of soakaways, depending on the nature of the site (e.g. contaminated/ high groundwater levels).

Groundwater and Contaminated land

May require Site Investigation, Risk Assessment and Remedial Options Appraisal at planning application stage.

Surface water	Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) February 2016	
management		
	Elements of both the northern and southern sites	
	(but especially the northern) fall within Flood	
	Zones 2 & 3 (medium & high risk of fluvial	
	flooding). Equally there is some indication of	
	surface water flooding during extreme rainfall	
	events (1:100/1000yr). The sites are given as	
	7.42 and 5.54 ha in area, and so would / do	
	represent major development for which our	
	involvement and consultation as LLFA would be	
	necessary. Indeed we (DCC/FRM) were consulted	
	by EDDC in respect of an Outline application in	
	June 2015 (ref: 3/15/0556). This application	
	related only to access and scale (our ref: PLN15-	
	008), to which we raised no objection, subject to	
	standard conditions. The necessary	
	consideration of surface water management and	
	discharge of requested conditions, will need to	
	comply with current guidance and the	
	requirements of the NPPF, to ensure that the site	
	is protected and that no off-site worsening	
	results. To this end we are broadly in agreement	
	with the EA's previous input, but suggest that	
	DCC as LLFA are identified as the lead in terms of	
	surface water management and Land Drainage	
	Consent (LDC) for works impacting upon any OW	
	channels within the site. We have been consulted	
	separately regarding the realignment and	
	culverting of an Ordinary Watercourse (OW),	
	immediately north of the site/s, as associated	
	with improvements to the Old Barn Farm /	
	Ringwood Rd junction. These consultations (ref:	
	PAE 1142 & 1144) have been regarded as pre-	
	application enquiries in respect of Land Drainage	
	Consent (LDC) for works impacting upon any OW	
	channels within the site.	
Land Instability	No issues identified	

Visual Intrusion	DCC Landscape Officer (August 2014)	Southern Area	
	NB: Comments made on the basis of two separate parcels of land. Only the southern parcel of land has been taken forward for allocation.	Area	
	Context There are two contrasting areas to this site. The eastern area is within the open countryside setting of the River Moors terrace and valley pastures landscape character areas and the southern area more within the context of the adjacent industrial estate. The site is 7.3kms from the Cranborne and West Wilts AONB, 16.9kms from the Dorset Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) and 6.4kms from the New Forest National Park. Key Characteristics Eastern Area: Open and flat agricultural land formed mainly of two well hedged pastoral fields. Significant and important trees, hedgerows and vegetation along the edges to this site and around its fringes. No major overlooking from public viewpoints. Southern Area: Generally flat brown field/previously 		
	 used land with scrubby natural regenerating vegetation across the site. Important fringing trees, scrub and other vegetation around the site's fringes. No major overlooking from public viewpoints. 		
	Landscape Value The eastern area has high landscape value as a relatively intact small area of agricultural pasture land bounded by dense and tall hedgerows. Relative to the surrounding landscape it has some scenic value.		
	The southern area has less landscape value as it is a previously used regenerating area of scrubland,		

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however, the fringing vegetation around this site	Eastern	
does have landscape value.	area	
Landscape Susceptibility to Waste Management		
Facility Development and Opportunities for		
Mitigation and/or Enhancement		
The eastern area is susceptible to the		
development in question due to its rural,		
agricultural character and its significant dense		
hedgerows. Access into this land would also		
result in the loss and continuity of the tree belt		
along the eastern edge of the current industrial		
estate.		
The southern area has a low susceptibility for		
further development due to its unused character		
and lack of any key landscape and visual features		
of value. Mitigation and enhancement		
opportunities for the eastern area include the		
retention, protection and management of all the		
key linear hedgerows and tree belts and		
supplementing these with significant blocks of		
woodland planting to help integrate any future		
development. Mitigation and enhancement		
opportunities for the southern area will include		
the retention, protection and management of the		
fringing vegetation to ensure this continues to		
provide a landscape feature as well as helping to		
screening and integrate any future development.		
Conclusion		
Southern area: Subject to agreement of an		
approved landscape and ecological design and		
management plan for the site there are no		
significant landscape and visual reasons not to		
progress with this location.		
Eastern area: This site is not acceptable from a		
landscape and visual point of view.		
However it could be considered if no other sites		
are suitable and if agreement is made on		
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significant mitigation measures as part of a		
comprehensive landscape plan.		
Additional comments received relating to stack		
heights (February 2016)		

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	NB: the site has not been taken forward for	
	residual waste treatment therefore there should	
	be no stack associated with allocated uses.	
	The detailed location of any stack needs to be	
	carefully considered to minimise visual impacts	
	and for example to ensure existing trees and	
	other vegetation, and any additional landscape	
	treatment such as planting, is used to help	
	mitigate adverse visual impact. Detailed design	
	considerations such as colour, texture and finish	
	and its location as far from public receptors are	
	also key aspects to consider. The southern	
	brownfield area is preferred to the eastern side	
	of the site.	

Nature Conservation	SSSI – SZ19/002, Moors River System adjacent to	
	both sites.	
	SSSI – SU00/001, Holt and West Moors Heaths,	
	adjacent to southern site and large areas within	
	500m of both sites, also includes SPA DT/A007 –	
	Dorset Heathlands, SAC DT/A012 – Dorset Heaths	
	and Ramsar DT/A003, Dorset Heaths.	
	SNCI	
	SU00/053, Woolsbridge Farm Carr adjacent to	
	southern site.	
	SU10/016, Woolsbridge, 300m to E.	
	SU00/083, West Moors Petroleum Depot, 400m	
	to SW.	
	SU00/067, West Moors Plantation, 450m to S.	
	DCC County Ecologist (August 2014)	
	It is understood that ecological survey work is	
	being coordinated already via East Dorset District	
	Council to include Phase 1, birds, GCNs, Inverts,	
	reptiles and NVC surveys and the hydrology	
	impacts on the SAC.	
Historic Environment	DCC Historic Environment Team (July 2014)	
	The extension areas are relatively large, so a pre-	
	determination archaeological assessment and	
	perhaps evaluation may be appropriate if much	
	of this area would be disturbed by a	
	development.	
	No scheduled monuments or conservation areas	
	in vicinity.	
Airport Safety	6.5kms from Bournemouth Airport	
Air Quality Inc. Dust	No AQMA within 500m	
Agricultural Land	Grade 4	
Classification		

Sustainability Appraisal Summary		
Development of a transfer facility/ bulky waste treatment facility in this location would give rise to greater waste miles. However, waste would be bulked up locally and therefore vehicle movements would be lower than	Yellow	

associated with a HRC. Although there are constraints relating to	
landscape impact and possible flood risk these are likely to be avoidable	
given the size of the available land. The site area has been reduced to	
the southern parcel of land only. This will reduce landscape impacts.	

Part 2 - Deliverability/Viability

Assessment	Constraint	Opportunity
The site is allocated employment land and privately owned by Ankers &		
Rawlings Developments who have waste related aspirations for part of		
the site and are happy for us to consider the site for waste facilities.		
However, no specific proposals have been put forward for the		
development of waste facilities by the landowner and or another waste		
company. This could be a constraint to development, however it could be		
an advantage as it provides the opportunity for new waste companies to		
come forward to develop the site.		
An outline planning permission has been granted for the development of		
the site. The application refers specifically to waste transfer but would		
not exclude other forms of waste management – subject to further		
application.		

Deliverability/Viability Conclusion		
No significant issues of deliverability have been identified, however the site is not	Yellow	
being actively progressed by a waste company so certainty of deliverability is less than		
other options.		

Development Considerations

The Development Considerations for each site comprise specific requirements, issues and opportunities that should be addressed through a planning application. They are set out in the Waste Plan and re-produced within this site assessment for completeness. It should be noted that the Development Considerations do not comprise an exhaustive list of matters to be considered.

- Appropriate assessment in accordance with Conservation & Species Regulations (2010).
- Consideration of an appropriate buffer from Flood Zones 2 and 3
- Consideration of an appropriate buffer and mitigation to protect the SNCI