School Admissions Policy 2023-24



St Mary's Catholic First School

Lucetta Lane, Dorchester, Dorset, DT1 2DD 01305 262258

Our Ethos - we ask parents to respect our ethos and its importance to the school community. This does not affect the right of all parents to apply and be considered for a place here:

Information about this policy

Vision and values:

This policy supports the vision and values of Plymouth CAST.

Policy Principles:

This policy:

- Ensures Plymouth CAST schools comply with the requirements of the School Admissions Code
- Provides a CAST-wide approach to admissions
- > Ensure all schools apply the same over-subscription criteria across the trust
- Provide a central point for consultation with local authorities
- > Be reviewed each year by the trust leadership team and directors

Policy Aims:

- To enable parents to know when and how to apply for places at CAST schools
- > To assist school leaders in meeting statutory requirements
- > To identify a best practice approach to waiting lists
- > To explain what supplementary documentation is required, when and to who
- > To provide a transparent approach to allocation of places at CAST schools

Relevant legislation and linked policies

- School Admissions Code 2021: DfE
- Fair Access Protocols: DfE
- School Admissions Appeal Code: DfE
- Local authority admission arrangements



Text in blue that is underlined like this is a link to further information, within this document or elsewhere.

Roles and Responsibilities:

Headteachers are responsible for:

- Providing advice and guidance to the LGB and the directors as to requirements under the School Admissions and Appeals Codes
- > Making arrangements for determining admissions and hearing admissions appeals
- > Ensuring local authority deadlines are met

Local Governing Boards are responsible for:

- Supporting the Headteacher to determine arrangements
- > Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for pupil recruitment

The trust senior executive leadership team are responsible for:

- Preparing a CAST wide admissions policy, which takes account of Diocesan guidance and the School Admissions and Appeals Code
- Providing oversight, and support, of the implementation of admissions arrangements across the company
- Ensuring that the impact of any proposed changes to an academy's admission arrangements are considered in light of the other academies in the company and other catholic schools generally in the diocese
- > Report to the directors regarding admissions arrangements across the academies in the company
- > Ensuring effective arrangements are in place for pupil recruitment to the academies in the company
- Providing advice and guidance to directors regarding the requirements of the Schools Admissions and Appeals Codes

Directors are responsible for:

- Approving a CAST wide admissions policy, which takes account of Diocesan guidance and the School Admissions and Appeals Code
- Adopting the CAST-wide admissions policy prepared by the senior executive leadership and ensure that it complies with all diocesan requirements

Local authorities are responsible for:

- Providing information to parents about the school
- Providing applications and other available documentation to the school to be able to order parents who have applied for a place at the school
- Managing in-year admissions

This policy applies to all admissions for the school year 2023-24.

Religious education and worship are in accordance with the teachings and doctrines of the Catholic Church. **This does not affect the right of parents or carers who are not of the faith of these schools to apply for and to be considered for places**. We ask all parents or carers applying for a place to respect this ethos and its importance to theschool community.

Our school serves the Dorset Council area. We also welcome applications from all parents and carers, regardless of faith or background, who would like their children to be educated in a Christian environment.

Plymouth CAST is the admission authority for the School and is responsible for determining the admissions policies. On behalf of the Trust, the admissions process for our schools is coordinated by the local authority.

The directors of the academy trust are responsible for the admissions policy and for ensuring the policy is implemented in CAST schools. School leaders (supported by the Local Governing Board) are responsible for following the admissions policy and providing information to directors to enable them to fulfil their responsibilities.

Key Information - for explanat	ory notes,	
Policy consultation period		1 November 2021 to 7 January 2022
Policy determined on		January or February 2022
Policy contact name and position		Kevin Butlin – Director of Education
Amendments after determination	n	-
Department for Education scho number	ol	838/3404
Age range		4 to 9
Type of school		Academy primary school
Admissions authority		Plymouth CAST multi-academy trust
Normal round intake		Reception
Published Admission Number 2	2023-24	30
Priority for children to another s	etting	No
Priority for children from anothe	er setting	No
Designated religious character	-	Yes – Catholic Diocese of Plymouth
Admissions catchment area		No
School uniform		Yes
Application Form		Dorset School Admissions Tel: 01305 221000
Supplementary Information For	m	Yes – only to be used for faith priority. See <u>below</u>
Kau Data a Namu al na un d		Yes – only to be used for the exceptional need criterion. See below
Key Dates Normal round	15 Nov	ambar 2022 to the National Classing Date which is 15 January 2022
When to apply Decision	15 NOV	ember 2022 to the National Closing Date which is 15 January 2023 al Offer Date which is 17 April 2023
When to appeal		2 May 2023 or from 20 school days after the refusal, whichever is
	later ²	
Deadline to submit appeal	31 May	
Deadline to hear appeal	28 July	2023 ³
Key Dates In-Year admission		
When to apply	As requ	uired https://www.dorsetcouncil.gov.uk/education-and-
		/schools-and-learning/policies/school-admissions-policies/
Decision		0 school days of an application
When to submit appeal) school days after refusal
Deadline to hear appeal		30 school days of the form being submitted
Contacts for further informat		
Plymouth CAST Multi-Acade		
01752 686710 admin@plymout	hcast.org.	<u>uk</u>
Diocese of Plymouth	liaaaaa ar	
01364 645390 <u>www.plymouth-c</u>		<u>g.uk/</u>
Churches Together in Englar 020 7529 8131 www.cte.org.uk		
Churches Together in Wales		
03300 169860 www.cytun.co.u	<	
<u></u>	-	
Dorset County Council Contac	<u>:ts</u>	
Dorset School Admissions		
LA Transport Team - <u>dt@dorse</u>	tcouncil.g	<u>ov.uk_</u> Tel: <u>01305224537</u>

¹ Under the policy for 2022-23. It is for the linked secondary school to decide whether to give priority in its admissions policy. That can change from one year to the next, following public consultation. ² Appeals can be submitted sooner than this, but appellants must be allowed 20 school days to prepare a writtencase if they wish.

Appeals can be submitted sooner than this, but appellants must be allowed 20 school days to prepare a writtencase if they wish. ³ Where possible, appeals that are submitted after 31 May will be heard by 28 July. If that is not possible, they will be heard within 30 school days of the appeal form being submitted.

Children's Education Advisory Service – advice for service families 01980 618244 DCYP-CEAS-Enquiries@mod.gov.uk Children's Education Advisory Service – advice for service families 01980 618244 DCYP-CEAS-Enquiries@mod.gov.uk The Department for Education (DfE) 0870 000 2288 www.education.gov.uk Office of the Schools Adjudicator 01325 735303 www.education.gov.uk/schoolsadjudicator The Education & Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) 0370 000 2288 www.gov.uk/government/organisations/education-and-skills-funding-agency

Oversubscription Criteria

To be used only when there are more applications for places than there are places available. A child whose Education, Health and Care Plan names the school will be admitted without regard for these criteria.

- Looked after children⁴ and children who were previously looked after but immediately after being looked after became subject to adoption, a child arrangements order, or special guardianship order⁵ including those who appear to the admission authority to have been in state care outside England and ceased to be in state care as a result of being adopted.
- 2. Priority will next be given to children based on their exceptional medical or social needs⁶ or those of their parents.⁷
- 3. Priority will next be given to children who are Baptised Catholic.⁷
- 4. Priority will next be given to children who are siblings⁸ of pupils on roll at this school.
- 5. Priority will next be given to children of other Christian denominations⁹ whose membership is evidenced by a minister of religion.
- 6. Priority will next be given to children of other faiths¹⁰ whose membership is evidenced by a religious leader.
- 7. Priority will next be given to children of members of staff¹¹ who have been employed at this school

⁵To request this priority, the application must be accompanied by a completed <u>Supplementary Information Form</u> for Exceptional Need which will include evidence, from a medical specialist or social worker of the need and whythe child must attend this school rather than any other, based on the needs or either the child or parent or of both. If evidence is not submitted to the with the application, exceptional need will not be considered.

⁶ A parent is any person who has parental responsibility or care of the child. When we say parent, we also mean carer or guardian. Applications do not require both parents to agree on the preference for school.

A child baptised in the Catholic church, evidenced by a completed Faith Supplementary information Form.

⁸ By sibling we mean a natural brother or sister, a half-brother or sister, a legally adopted brother or sister or half-brother or sister, a stepbrother or sister or other child living in the same household as part of a single-family unit.

⁴ These children are Looked After by or provided with accommodation in the exercise of its functions (see theChildren Act 1989 section 22(1)) by a local authority.

⁵ An adoption order is an order under the Adoption Act 1976 (see Section 12 adoption orders) and children who were adopted under the Adoption and Children Act 2002 (see Section 46 adoption orders). A 'child arrangements order' is an order settling the arrangements to be made as to the person with whom the child is tolive under Section 8 of the Children Act 1989 as amended by Section 14 of the Children and Families Act 2014. Section 14A of the Children Act 1989 defines a 'special guardianship order' as an order appointing one or more individuals to be a child's special guardian (or special guardians).

⁹ 'Children of other Christian denominations' means children who belong to other churches and ecclesial communities which acknowledge God's revelation in Christ, confess the Lord Jesus Christ as God and Saviouraccording to the Scriptures and, in obedience to God's will and in the power of the Holy Spirit commit themselves: to seek a deepening of their communion with Christ and with one another in the Church, which is his body; and to fulfil their mission to proclaim the Gospel by common witness and service to the world to the glory of the one God, Father, Son and Holy Spirit. An ecclesial community which, on principle, has no credal statements in its tradition is included if it manifests faith in Christ as witnessed to in the Scriptures and is committed to working in the spirit of the above. All members of Churches Together in England (CTE) and Churches Together in Wales (CYTUN) are deemed to be included in the above definition, as are all other churches and ecclesial communities that are in membership of any local Churches Together Group (by whatever title) on the above basis. Evidence will be by a completed Faith Supplementary information Form.

¹⁰ Evidence will be by a completed <u>Faith Supplementary information Form</u>, together with a Baptism Certificate, a Certificate of Dedication or verification by a minister of religion for that faith. Children of other faiths means children who are members of a religious community that does not fall within the definition of 'other Christian denominations' at 6 above and which falls within the definition of a religion for the purposes of charity law. The Charities Act 2011 defines religion to include: a) a religion which involves belief in more than one God and b) a religion which does not involve belief in a God. Case law has identified certain characteristics which describe the meaning of religion for the purposes of charity law, which are characterised by a belief in a supreme being and an expression of belief in that supreme being through worship

¹¹ This will be any salaried person employed at this school. Where the duties of a member of staff are undertaken at different schools, there will be admissions priority only at one school. This will be at the member of staff's base school, where he or she undertakes duties for the majority of the time.

for more than two years or recruited within the past two years to fill a vacancy for which there was a skills shortage.

8. Priority will next be given to other children.

Tiebreaker – to prioritise applications in the same oversubscription criterion:

- a) straight-line distance from home to school and then,
- b) where distances are equal (within 1/10 metre) an electronic list randomiser will be used.

School Admissions Policies

Every school must have an admissions policy for each academic year. The admission authority must ensure that the practices and criteria used to decide on the allocation of school places are fair, clear, and objective.

This policy is written to comply with the mandatory requirements of the <u>School Admissions Code 2021</u>, the <u>School Admissions Code 2012</u>, the <u>School Admissions Appeals Code 2012</u> and all other relevant legislation so that:

- Parents know they must apply for a place and how and when to apply
- Parents know what will happen after they apply
- It is clear to all, including our school community, how many places are available
- Our school community understands our admission procedures
- We are committed to a fair, consistent, and transparent admissions process

It should be read along with Dorset County Council's Step by Step and In-Year Guides to Admissions, its Normal Round and In-Year Co-ordinated Admissions Schemes, its in-Year Fair Access Protocol and its Education Transport Policy.

Once an admissions policy is determined, it can't be amended except where it is permitted or required under the terms of the Admissions Code. Any amendments will be detailed in the Key Information section <u>above</u>.

How to apply for admission - at the normal round

Parents apply for a place by completing the Common Application Form that is issued by the Local Authority (LA) where the child lives. For residents of another council area, parents must use the Common Application Form provided locally. This will be forwarded to Dorset County Council.

There is a National Closing date for applications. Applications can be submitted after this but will be considered as late, after all timely applications unless the parent can demonstrate that he or she was unable to apply on time.

Applications for normal round admission are managed under Dorset's Normal Round Co-ordinated Admissions Scheme. Decisions will be sent to parents on the National Offer Day by the Council where the child lives.

How to apply for admission – in-year to any Year Group

This school will participate in Dorset County Council's In-Year Co-ordinated Admissions Scheme for 2023-24

After the normal round intake, parents apply for a place at this school by completing the Dorset Common Application Form, regardless of where the child lives. This is available at <u>Dorset School Admissions</u> or bycalling the LA for a paper version, the D-CAF. Applications can be made at any time after the Year Group has started⁸ but will not be processed sooner than 8 school weeks before the place is required.⁹ They will be considered in date order with all those received at the school or by Dorset's School Admissions Team by 6pm each day considered together. The responsibility for decisions lies with the admissions authority for the school which may meet virtually (for example by conference call). Decision-making cannot be made by a single individual. Decisions will be sent to parents by Dorset's School Admissions Service.

The school will notify the LA of numbers on roll in the school within 2 school days when requested to do so. This enables the LA to be able to advise parents. When notified of an application, a local Governing Board or admissions sub-committee will give the view of the school on whether a place should be offered within 5 school days. The responsibility for decisions lies with the admissions authority for the school. Decision-making cannot

Where that cannot be identified, priority will be at the school where he or she expects to work for most of the time in the current academic year. All members of staff are an important part of the school community. This includes members of staff employed by a third party, whose duties are solely at the school.

⁸ This means after 1 September of the Reception year, even if admission is deferred.

⁹ This will be 16 school weeks in advance for children of UK service personnel.

be made solely by email or by a single individual. This is to ensure that a decision can be communicated to the parent within 15 school days.¹⁰ If the decision is to refuse admission, the LA may then consider under its Hard to Place provision or under its In-Year Fair Access Protocol.

Appeals against a refusal to admit a child

Parents will have the right of appeal against a decision to refuse admission to a Panel that is independent of the school admission authority and the LA.¹¹

An appeal for a place in Reception, Year 1 or Year 2 may be subject to Key Stage One or Infant Class Size Legislation. This limits the number of children in a Reception, Year 1, or Year 2 class (or a class where most children are aged 5, 6 or 7 years) to 30 children for each teacher. Key Stage One appeals are a more limited process which review the original decision to refuse admission rather than an appeal against the refusal in the light of additional circumstances.

The Appeal Panel will decide whether an additional child would breach the legal maximum of 30 children in a Key Stage 1 class with one teacher, whether the admission arrangements for the school and LA were lawful and had been applied correctly and whether it was a reasonable decision to refuse the application in the circumstances that were known at the time the original decision to refuse was made.

There are limited exceptions which would allow a school to exceed 30 children in a Key Stage One class.

Admission of children outside their normal age group

Parents may request that their child is admitted outside their normal age group. They should include a request with their application, specifying why admission out of normal year group is being requested. We¹² will decide based on the circumstances of the case and in the best interests of the child concerned. We will ask parents to provide as much supporting evidence as they wish to say why they are requesting admission outside the normal age group for a child. We will consider:

- the parent's views;
- the views of the school's head teacher;
- information about the child's academic, social, and emotional development submitted by the parent;
- information about the child's medical history and the views of a relevant medical professional submitted by the parent;
- whether the child has previously been educated out of their normal age group;
- guidance from the Department for Education on the admission of summer-born children to Reception;
- whether the child may have fallen into a lower age group if it were not for being born prematurely.

Parents should consider the implications of a child being taught out of the normal age group. Any school the child later moves on to will not be obliged to continue to educate their child out of the normal age group.

We will reach a decision on which Year Group is appropriate for the child. We will then reach a decision whether a place can be offered as it would for any application in that Year Group. Where we don't agree to early admission it will be our view that this is not a suitable school for the child at that age.

Delayed Admission to Reception

Delayed admission is where a summer-born child delays admission into a Reception class until the start of the September after the **fifth** birthday and not the September after the **fourth** birthday. This means admission would be out of the normal age group. A summer-born child is one whose birthday is between 1 April and 31 August.

Parents of summer-born children can request that admission to Reception is delayed to the following academic year - the start of the next September term will be when the child reaches compulsory school age. We invite parents to visit the school so that we can explain the provision that is on offer to children in our Reception class, how it is tailored to meet the needs of the youngest children and how their needs will be met as they move through the school. This is an opportunity to discuss any concerns parents have about the child's readiness for school. Children in Reception and in an Early Years setting all receive the Early Years Foundation Stage curriculum which is largely play-based learning.

¹⁰ School Admissions Code 2021 paragraph 2.28

¹¹ Where a child has been permanently excluded from two or more schools there is no need for an admission authority to comply with parental preference for a period of two years from the last exclusion.

¹² This means the admissions authority for the school. Some functions may be delegated to a committee or to officers within the LA.

As with any request for admission outside a child's normal age group, the admissions authority will have two decisions to make:

- 1. it must first decide on the age group the child should be admitted to
- 2. it then decides whether a place can be offered in that age group.

It can be difficult to reach a decision about the appropriate age group for a child more than a year in advance of admission as it will not be easy to assess how the child will develop in that time. Therefore, it will be helpful for parents to provide as much information on the child as possible, particularly with any relevant professional social or medical evidence.

The process for this school within the Dorset County Council area is that the parent is encouraged to make an application for the child's normal age group at the usual time and make a request for delayed admission at the same time. This enables school admission authorities to reach a decision on age group before the national offer day. If the request is agreed, the application can be withdrawn by the parent before a place is offered and the parent will then make a fresh application in the next normal admissions round. If the request is refused, it is for the parent to decide whether to continue with an application for the normal age group OR to withdraw from that process and make an in-year application for admission to Year One for the following September. It may be that the admissions authority for another school agrees to delayed admission there, in which case the parent may pursue that option.

In reaching a decision, we will consider the circumstances of the case as we would with any request for admission outside the normal age group. Our decision will be made in the best interests of the child and will be set out in writing for the parent. We recognise, along with the Department for Education, that requests for delayed admission to Reception differ from other requests for admission outside the normal age group as it is only in these circumstances that a child is being admitted to school for the first time. Delayed admission is not an opportunity for a child to retake the Reception year or an additional opportunity to seek admission here.¹³

There is no right of appeal if a parent is offered a place, but it is not in the year group they would like. They may make a complaint through the school's complaints procedure if they are unhappy with a decision.

Deferred Admission in Reception

Places for normal round admission are offered for full-time admission at the beginning of the September term after a child's fourth birthday. That is before children reach compulsory school age.

Deferred admission is where a child puts off admission into a Reception class until later in the same academic year until the start of the term after the **fifth** birthday. All parents have a right to defer the date their child is admitted, or to take the place up part-time, until the child reaches compulsory schooling age.

Parents are encouraged to discuss deferred or part-time admission with the school and any other professionals working with them.

Provided a parent informs a school that the place is to be deferred to the beginning of the spring or summer term, it will be held open until then. Places can be deferred beyond the start of the spring term or the summer term, depending on the child's birthdate. Please see the table below:

Child's fifth birthday	Can defer admission or attend part-time until the start of term in
1 September – 31 December 2023	January 2024
1 January – 31 March 2024	January 2024 OR April 2024
1 April – 31 August 2024	January 2024 OR April 2024 OR September 2024 by making a fresh application for a Year 1 place (from June 2024) or making a fresh normal round application for Reception in 2024-25

Options for Admission for Reception

Children who are below statutory age are entitled to a school place. This is in Reception from the September term on or after the 4^{the} birthday. At this point, parents have the following options:

¹³ Requests for delayed admission will not be considered where a child has attended in a school Reception class for more than a half-term. This allows time for parents who are unsure about a child's readiness for school to try Reception. After half a term in school, we consider that a parent has taken up the child's offer of admission into school and we would not agree to delayed admission.

- To start full-time at the beginning of the September term.
- To start part-time at the beginning of term up to and no later than the end of the term before the 5th birthday.
- To defer admission within the Reception year to the beginning of term on or after the 5th birthday.
- To delay admission to the start of the September term of the next academic year (for summer-born children only).

Parents can choose to accept the offer of admission into Reception for part-time rather than full-time attendance until the child is of compulsory school age. It is for the school to decide what the part-time offer is, and it is for the parent to decide whether to accept that part-time offer, for attendance to be full-time or for the offer of a place to be declined. Details of our part-time offer are available from the school office or on the school website.

Emergency arrangements

In the event that a local, regional, or national public health lockdown is imposed, school admission and appeals arrangements may operate to amended timescales or under emergency regulations. Wherever possible, admission applications will continue to be processed under the terms of the In-Year Co-ordinated Admissions Scheme so that parents are not disadvantaged. Places will be held open until it is practical and safe for children to attend on site. Remote learning will be made available as for existing pupils although we recognise that in some circumstances, a parent may feel it is expedient to take up remote learning from the current school on a temporary basis.

Provision may be available for vulnerable and key worker children on site or at an alternative setting, according to circumstances at that time.

schools unless expli	natory notes for Dorset state-funded schools, both for primary and secondary-phase citly varied in a school policy. The oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed mation can be found at <u>Dorset School Admissions</u>
Admission authority	This is the body with legal responsibility for the admissions policy and decisions in response to applications for admission. This includes proposing, consulting on, determining and publishing the policy. The admission authorities for different types of school are: Academy : the academy trust or multi-academy trust Community school : the LA Foundation school : the school's governing board Free school : the academy trust or multi-academy trust Studio school : the academy trust or multi-academy trust University Technical College (UTC) : academy trust or multi-academy trust Voluntary Aided school (VA) : the school's governing board Voluntary Controlled school (VC) : the LA
Admission Number (AN)	The AN is the equivalent of the PAN after the intake year. It is the number of places we expect to be able to provide in the Year Group. It will often be the same as the PAN that was originally determined for that group of children when it first entered the school. It may be increased or decreased in response to changes in demand or in the school's accommodation or organisation. See also PAN.
Appeal	 When an application is refused, this is very often because we believe it would "prejudice the provision of efficient education or the efficient use of resources". (see the School Standards and Framework Act 1998). Any refusal will be in writing and inform the applicant of the reason for refusal right to an appeal to be heard by an independent panel right to a place on a waiting list for vacancies An appeals service is available for all Dorset state-funded schools before the Dorset independent School Admissions Appeals Panel. Further information about the process is available from the Appeals Clerk. Appeal papers will either be sent with the refusal letter of can be requested from the LA.
Appeals Timetable	The deadline for submitting appeals allows appellants at least 20 school days to prepare and submit a written appeal. The appeal must then be heard within 40 school days for the normal round and within 30 days for in-year admissions. Allocation date for the normal round Reception* intake: Monday 17 April 2023 Deadline for appeal forms to be submitted: Wednesday 31 May 2023 Appeals will be heard within 40 school days, by: Friday 28 July 2023 Where possible, appeals that are submitted after 31 May will be heard by 28 July. If that is not possible, they will be heard within 30 school days of the appeal form being submitted. Allocation date for the normal round Year 7** intake: Wednesday 1 March 2023 Deadline for appeal forms to be submitted: Friday 31 March 2023 Appeals will be heard within 40 school days, by: Friday 16 June 2023 Where possible, appeals that are submitted after 31 March 2023 Appeals will be heard within 40 school days, by: Friday 16 June 2023 Where possible, appeals that are submitted after 31 March 2023 Where possible, appeals that are submitted after 31 March will be heard by 16 June. If that is not possible, they will be heard within 30 school days of the appeal form being submitted * or for the Year 3 intake to a junior school ** or for the Year 10 intake to a studio school or UTC
Application	For normal round admissions, applications are considered to have been made on the National Closing Date (15 January for all-through, infant, junior and primary schools and

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	31 October for all-through, secondary and studio schools and UTCs) or the date when the application was submitted or amended if later.
	In-year applications are considered to have been made on the date they are received, including any supporting evidence that is required – for example, a new address or evidence of a Child's in Care status or a Supplementary Information Form.
	It is an applicant's responsibility to make sure that the admissions authority or LA is informed about changes to circumstances and eligibility for priority if, for instance, a sibling is taken onto our roll, or the home address changes.
Catchment Area	Many schools operate an admissions catchment area. This is the geographical area that the school is primarily intended to serve. There is a higher admissions priority for children who live in it. Living outside a catchment or priority area does not prevent a child from being admitted to the school where there are vacancies. Children living in a residential property split by the boundary line will be considered to be living within the catchment area. The boundary line will then be reviewed for future applicants.
	Eligibility for catchment priority where this is part of a school's arrangements is not a guarantee of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
Children adopted from state care outside England	These children must have the same admissions priority as Children in Care. Evidence of having been in state care and then having been adopted will be required. Guidance on what constitutes as state Care in any country will be available from the LA Virtual School.
Children formerly in Care (Looked After)	These children were looked after until they were adopted (see the Adoption and Children Act 2002 section 46) or made the subject of a child arrangements order or a special guardianship order (Children Act section 14A). Child arrangements orders are defined in s.8 of the Children Act 1989, as amended by s.12 of the Children and Families Act 2014.
	All admissions policies must give priority to Looked After and Previously Looked After Children and those adopted from state care outside of England.
	Eligibility for looked after or formerly looked after priority is not a guarantee of admission although there is a presumption in favour of admission in most circumstances. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
Chronological Year Group	This is the group of children usually taught together according to their date of birth. Children born between 1 September and 31 August have the same chronological Year Group. This is sometimes called the normal age group.
Common Application Form	This is the name for the application form provided by the LA and must be used for any normal round admissions application. The form provided by the LA where the child lives must be used, regardless of where the school is.
	The large majority of applications in Dorset are submitted online at <u>Dorset School</u> <u>Admissions</u> There are also paper versions of Dorset's common applicationforms.

Compulsory School Age	Children reach compulsory school age and must be in full-time education on the prescribed day following their 5th birthday (or on their fifth birthday if it falls on a prescribed day). The prescribed days are 31 August, 31 December and 31 March.
	Children are no longer of compulsory school age when they reach the School Leaving Age; the last Friday in the June of the academic year during which a child has their 16th birthday.

Delayed admission	Parents of summer-born children can request that their child's admission to Reception class is delayed from the September after the fourth birthday to the September after the fifth birthday which is the point at which they are required to be in suitable education. The decision rests with the admissions authority for a school and must be made in the best interests of the child. Where it is agreed, the parent must then make an application for admission in the appropriate normal round alongside all other applicants.
	As delayed admission children are then out of their chronological year group, parents should make contact with schools in good time before transfers to make a similar request to be admitted to that school out of the chronological year group: for in-year moves or normal round admission to junior schools, secondary school or otherwise. The admission authorities for other schools must take into account the child's school history but are not bound by the decision to agree delayed admission previously taken.
	Delayed admission should not be confused with deferred admission which involves putting off admission to the Reception class within the same academic year. Deferred admission children remain in their chronological year group.
	Guidance on delayed admission is available from the LA at Dorset School Admissions
Distance measurement	Measurements for school admissions purposes are straight-line from the main entrance to a child's home (the residential building) to the star marker for the school on Dorset's Geographical Information System, an electronic mapping system which can be viewed at <u>Dorset School Admissions</u>
Documentary evidence	Once a place has been offered to a child, we may ask for evidence of identity – usually a short birth certificate. This may not be necessary where the child has been on roll at another school in England which can confirm that evidence has been seen at that school.
	We may also request evidence that a child's address is genuine or that the person who made an application for admission was legally permitted to do so.

Education, Health and Care Plans	An Education, Health and Care Plan is a formal document issued by the LA describing a child's additional needs and how they will be provided for in a school. Any child whose EHCP names this school will be admitted. This will reduce the number of places available to other children accordingly. For In-Year admissions, the child will be admitted whether or not we have reached the PAN or other AN for the Year Group. Before a Plan is issued or amended the LA will consult with schools and ask whether it considers it could meet the child's needs, as set out in the Plan.
Education Transport	Parents should consider how their child will get to school for the whole of their time on roll. Parents are advised not to rely on lifts, car shares or public service vehicles always being available. Supported transport is provided by the LA for Dorset-resident children attending schools that are the catchment school for the home address or the closest available when the parent could apply or, for Children in Care, the closest available Good or Outstanding school, as rated by Ofsted. The home address must be further than a minimum walking distance according to the child's age: 2 miles for children at a primary, infant, or junior school and 3 miles for children at a secondary school. See Dorset's Education Transport Policy for exceptions to catchment school eligibility.
	Applications for transport must be made direct to the LA where a child lives. A school's admissions straight-line measurement policy does not apply to LA school transport decisions. It is possible that a school is the closest available for admissions purposes, using straight-line measurement, but not the closest school for the purposes of entitlement to free school transport from the LA.
	Parents who rely on free transport are strongly advised to check whether there is an entitlement with the Education Transport Team before accepting the offer of a school place.
Equally ranked preference scheme	When making an application, parents can express a preference for one, two or three schools. They should be named in the order the parent would most like a place to be provided. It might be possible for each school to offer a place. If that happens, a place will only be offered at whichever of the schools that could offer a place the parent ranked highest. So, if places are available at School 1 and School 3, a place will be offered at School 1 only. Equally ranked preference schemes are a legal requirement which enable parents to apply for the school they prefer without risking admission to the closest school or a catchment school.
	Schools are not informed by the LA whether an application is a first, second or third preference.
Exceptional Need to attend this school	A school can prioritise admission for a child where there is an exceptional need to attend that school and not another school.
	Eligibility for this priority where it forms part of a school's arrangements is not a guarantee of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
Extended schooling	Further information on services beyond the normal school day is available from the school office or website.
Fair Access Protocol or In-Year Fair Access Protocol	All LAs are legally required to operate an In-Year Fair Access Protocol across their area and all state-funded schools must take part in the Protocol. This ensures that children who are vulnerable and unable to access an appropriate school place under the standard In- Year admission arrangements for the area have an admissions safety net. This may mean that a child is admitted here even though the school is full and other children have been refused admission.
	It is possible for a child to be refused admission here but allocated a place under the In- Year Fair Access Protocol, including when there are children on a waiting list.

oversubscription oriteria admission where faith criteria are met by an applicant. Eligibility for faith priority (if this forms part of a school's arrangements) is not a guarant of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed above. Fees and charges There is no charge for applying for a place here, for admission itself or for the provision ducation. We will not request donations before or during the admissions process and i donations made to the school following admission are entirely voluntary. No activities si as school visits are compulsory. A policy on charging for activities is available on requ from the school office. General Data Protection Regulation Information about an admissions application will be shared with relevant LAs and v another school when a place has been offered. Where one parent seeks information about an application or to locate a child, the prior will be to safeguard the child and immediate family. Unless it is established that the of parent may not lawfully receive information about the ridl, the following information will shared: the preferences expressed, the date of the application, name of the applicant the outcomes of those preferences. Details about the reasons for an application will not shared with the other parent. Hard to Place A child who has been refused in year admission to a school and who does not otherw have access to suitable education close to home. The LA may seek a place at a school behalf of a Hard to Place child when the school would otherwise thus the home address is in a catchment area or relatively close to the school. Home Address Places are offered based on where the child normally lives. Where a child neastresthe shared		
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		Where we ask for evidence of a new address from which a child would attend school, this would often be written confirmation of a house purchase or a formal tenancy agreement. We recognise that some families may be unable to provide this. Parents who can't provide this evidence should contact us or the LA. There is no intention to disadvantage families where there is a genuine reason why evidence cannot be provided.
Agreement used by a school. Some schools ask parents to sign a Home-School Agreement a		Admission to school is not conditional on signing a home-school agreement where one is used by a school. Some schools ask parents to sign a Home-School Agreement after children have been offered a place as a positive way of promoting greater involvement in a child's education.
In-Year admissions This is where a child joins the school at any time after the normal round, the first opportur for admission to the school.	In-Year admissions	This is where a child joins the school at any time after the normal round, the first opportunity for admission to the school.

Linked School	A school which works with another to develop curriculum links and to ease transition for pupils from infant school to junior school and from primary school to secondary school. Sometimes called a feeder school.
	Eligibility for linked or feeder school priority (if this is part of a school's arrangements) is not a guarantee of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
Looked After Children	These children are Looked After by or provided with accommodation in the exercise of its functions (see the Children Act 1989 section 22(1)) by a LA.
Member of staff	Many schools in Dorset give admissions priority to the children of members of staff. This will be any salaried person employed at the school when the application is made. Where the duties of a member of staff are undertaken at different schools in a federation or chain of schools, there will be admissions priority only at one school. This will be at the member of staff's base school. Where that can't be identified, priority will be at the school where he or she expects to work for most of the time in the current academic year.
	All members of staff are considered to be important part of the school community: teaching and non-teaching. This includes members of staff employed by a third party, whose duties are solely at the school.
	Eligibility for children of staff priority (if this is part of a school's arrangements) is not a guarantee of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
Multiple birth siblings	Random allocation will not be applied to multiple birth siblings (twins and triplets etc.) tied for the final place. Where one can be admitted within the PAN or AN, Dorset schools will admit them all and exceed the PAN if necessary.
Nodal points	A nodal point is a geographical location, used when a school is oversubscribed, to measure distance to an applicant's home. This can ensure the school serves pupils closest to it but also those living in other areas, for example areas that have more limited access to school places or where a straight-line measurement does not fairly represent proximity to the school. Nodal points are sometimes known as Admissions Points or Centroid Points.
	The term nodal point may also describe a specific location on school premises for distance measurement purposes.
Normal Round Admissions	This is where a child joins the school at the first opportunity for admission to the Year Group - even if the start is deferred until later in the school year at a primary or infant school.
Nurseries and pre- schools	Some primary and infant schools give admissions priority for children at a named school- run nursery. They will work with any local Early Years providers to make the transition into Reception as smooth as possible. All parents must apply for admission to Reception, regardless of where their Early Years provision has been.
	Eligibility for nursery priority (if this is part of a school's arrangements) is not a guarantee of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
Objections to admissions policy	Advice is available from the Office of the Schools Adjudicator on how to object to this policy. Objections must be made by 15 May 2022.
Offers	When a place is offered by the LA on behalf of a school, it is assumed the offer will be accepted unless the parent advises otherwise. Schools will contact parents after the LA offer to make admission arrangements - if a parent doesn't confirm the place is required within 10 school days of the offer, the school or the LA will try to contact the parent again. If there is no response within 5 school days of that contact, the offer may be withdrawn.
	It is important that when places are offered or refused it is done fairly and consistently. Where the LA or a school has reason to believe that false or deliberately misleading information has been provided, the decision to offer will be reconsidered using correct

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	information. The offer may then be withdrawn if it would not have been made with the correct information, even if this is after admission. Places are offered based on the address from which the child will attend school.
	Accurate information is particularly relevant for addresses. A school or the LA may ask for evidence of a child's home address as part of the decision-making process. If a parent believes that the child's address will change before admission, the school or LA must be informed. The parent may be required to provide evidence of a new address where this would give a higher priority for admission.
	Places will only be withdrawn if offered in error, if the parent has not responded to an offer within a reasonable time or if the offer was obtained through a fraudulent or intentionally misleading application which secured the offer of a place when the response would otherwise have been a refusal.
Overseas children	All applications, including those submitted from outside the country, will be processed without regard for nationality or immigration status.
	Foreign nationals who wish to apply for a state-funded school place should check that they have a right of abode or that the conditions of their immigration status otherwise permit them to access a state-funded school.
	Advice for parents of foreign nationals and children overseas is available from the LA at <u>Dorset School Admissions</u>
Oversubscription criteria	Where the number of applications exceeds the number of places available in the Year Group, the admission authority for a school will use its published oversubscription criteria to prioritise applications. They are detailed in the relevant section of each school's admissions policy. Oversubscription criteria are not used where there are vacancies.
	Eligibility for priority under any oversubscription criterion used by a school is not a guarantee of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
PAN or Published Admission Number	This is the minimum number of places available at the school at the normal round intake. In limited circumstances, more will be admitted. It is calculated considering the physical capacity of the school, the level of demand expected from local children living in a school's catchment area and sensible, lawful school organisation. Once set applications will not be refused below the PAN at the normal round. If there is unexpectedly high demand and a school believes it could admit more children, the PAN will be increased. A school may admit children above-PAN where their circumstances suggest their need to be admitted outweighs prejudice to efficient education at the school.
Parent (or carer or guardian)	For school admission purposes, a parent is any person who has parental responsibility or care of the child. When we say parent, we also mean carer or guardian. Where admission arrangements refer to parents this can mean one parent or both. A school or the LA may ask for evidence of parental responsibility where a person is acting as a parent but does not hold formal parental responsibility.
	Sometimes there is a dispute between parents over which school a child should attend. Decisions in response to an admissions application will take into account imminent court hearings that may have an impact on parental responsibility and living arrangements. Neither a school nor the LA will become involved in parental disputes.
Prejudice to efficient education	It is lawful to refuse admission where taking another child would cause a prejudice to "efficient education or the efficient use of resources" at this school. This is the point when we would say the Year Group, or the class is full. In most cases, prejudice would occur when the AN for the Year Group has been reached but it may also be when a class of mixed Year Groups is full.

Pupil Premium	Schools can give admissions priority where a child is eligible for Pupil Premium funding if included in the school's oversubscription criteria.
	Eligibility for Pupil Premium priority (if this is part of the school's arrangements) is not a guarantee of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
Service families	For children of UK service personnel and other Crown Servants we will consider a family posted to the area as meeting residence criteria even if a home address has not been identified and a unit address is used. Measurements for prioritisation purposes will be from the main entrance to the residential property or the centre of the front gate of the unit address if necessary. This requires written confirmation from the relevant government department: The Ministry of Defence, the Foreign and Commonwealth Office or Government Communications Headquarters.
	Schools will consider in-year admissions for families of UK service personnel posted to a new area and of crown servants returning to the country up to 16 school weeks in advance.
	There is no additional admissions priority for children of service families.
Sibling	'Sibling' means a natural brother or sister, a half brother or sister, a legally adopted brother or sister or half-brother or sister, a stepbrother or sister or other child living in the same household as part of a single-family unit at the date of their application for a place.
	A sibling who has been offered a place within the normal admissions round will be considered as if he or she were on roll for the purposes of oversubscription priority where a child seeks admission in-year.
	A sibling who has been offered an in-year place for the beginning of the next term will be considered as if he or she were on roll for the purposes of oversubscription priority where a child seeks admission at the normal round.
	Children must be on roll in year groups Reception to Year 11 or in a school's sixth form or post-16 setting to be eligible as siblings for admissions purposes.
	Eligibility for sibling priority (if this is part of the school's arrangements) is not a guarantee of admission. Oversubscription criteria for this school are detailed <u>above</u> .
Supplementary Information Form or SIF	A form in addition to the LA common application form. Some schools use SIFs to collect information necessary to apply one or more of their oversubscription criteria.
SIF	SIFs need only be completed to provide information related to a specific oversubscription criterion, not by applicants who aren't seeking priority according to those criteria.
	An application form must be completed in all cases.
Tie breaker	To distinguish between children in an oversubscription criterion, priority will be determined based on distance between home and school. This is measured in a straight line from an entrance door of the residential dwelling to the centre of the main entrance to the school site using Dorset LA's Geographical Information System (GIS). Children who live closer to the school have a higher priority for admission. Where two or more children reside within a block of flats, they will be deemed to live at an equal distance from the school.
	If the tiebreaker above is not enough to distinguish between applicants in an oversubscription criterion, there will be a random ballot. This will be undertaken by a person independent of the school by the operation of an electronic list randomiser.
	Random allocation will not be applied to multiple birth siblings (twins and triplets etc.) from the same family tied for the final place. Schools will admit them all.

Children attending many schools are expected to wear a uniform. Where this is the case, information about where this can be purchased and support for families who may be unable to afford items of uniform will be available from the school office and website.
Schools will operate a waiting list for each year group until the end of the academic year. This will be maintained by the LA on behalf of the school and shared with the school. Waiting lists will only contain the names of children who have formally applied and been refused admission. Children's positions on the waiting list will be determined solely in accordance with a school's oversubscription criteria. Positions will be reordered whenever anyone is added to or leaves the waiting list. Therefore, a child's name can go up or down on the list. The
Parents must confirm they wish the child to remain on the waiting list when requested to do so and must reapply at the end of the academic year. This is to ensure the list is kept up to date.

Exceptional Social or Medical Need for Admission Supplementary Information Form 2023-24

To be completed only where an applicant is seeking priority on the grounds of exceptional need.

Applicants who wish to have an Exceptional Social or Medical Need considered with their application (oversubscription criterion 2) are expected to submit independent professional evidence which explains clearly why it is essential to attend this school and no other school.

For normal round entry.	For In-Year admission into any Year Group.
An application may be considered as late if evidence is submitted after the National Closing Date.	There is no closing date; evidence should be submitted with the application.
Applicants must also complete the LA Common Application Form	Applicants must also complete the LA Common Application Form
For Dorset residents, this can be found at Dorset School Admissions	This is for all applicants and can be found at Dorset School Admissions

Please read the school admissions policy, including definitions, before completing this form. This is published on the school website.

PART A – to be completed by the applicant				
Full name of child				
Date of Birth				
School you are applying for	St Mary's Catholic First School, Dorchester			
Please tick the box belo school.	Please tick the box below if you believe there is an exceptional social or medical need for your child to attend this school.			
Criterion 2	Priority will next be given to children based on their exceptional medical or social needs ¹⁴ or those of their parents. ¹⁵			
Exceptional social or medical need: We give higher priority for children where there is an exceptional need to attend this school and not another school. The need must be specific to this school: a child may have very challenging circumstances that require additional support but if that support could also be provided at another school, there would be no exceptional need to attend this school.				
All applicants must complete an application form. ¹⁶ In order to seek priority on this basis, applicants must also complete this Supplementary Information Form for Exceptional Need to request admissions priority.				
 The exceptional need could be due to the child's or to the parent's circumstances. It could include: A serious medical condition, which can be supported by medical evidence; Significant caring responsibilities, which can be supported by a social worker; 				

Where the child or one or both parents have a disability that would make travel to any other school more difficult.

¹⁴ To request this priority, the application must be accompanied by a completed <u>Supplementary Information Form for Exceptional Need</u> which will include evidence, from a medical specialist or social worker of the need and why the childmust attend this school rather than any other, based on those needs. If evidence is not submitted with the application,exceptional need cannot be considered.

¹⁵ Å parent is any person who has parental responsibility or care of the child. When we say parent, we also mean carer or guardian. Applications do not require both parents to agree on the preference for school.

¹⁶ Parents who apply using a common application form from another LA without a tick box for exceptional need should put a note in the reasons for their preference that they are requesting exceptional need priority and provide the required supporting evidence using this Supplementary Information Form.

These examples are not meant to be exhaustive or exclusive. Neither should it be assumed that similar circumstances would impact on different children and families in the same way. The responsibility lies with applicants to submit supporting evidence and to provide further evidence if requested to do so.

- applicants must provide supporting evidence from a doctor or other relevant professional, together with any
 other relevant information;
- evidence must make a compelling case why the need that has been identified can only be met here and the anticipated difficulties that would arise if the child had to attend another school;
- having a particular medical condition or social vulnerability will not automatically result in a place here;
- it is not essential for the person providing the evidence to name our school or to have detailed and specific knowledge of the school, but the evidence should explain exactly what the child's needs are and what specialist support and facilities are required;
- evidence should be submitted in reasonable time for it to be considered before reaching a decision and for the application to be ranked against our oversubscription criteria as necessary.

Each case will be considered on its own merits but exceptional need for admission will not be accepted on the grounds that:

- a child may be separated from a friendship group;
- preference to avoid a child from the current or previous setting;
- child-care arrangements before or after school would have to be changed;
- transport arrangements would have to be changed;
- there is a medical condition such as asthma that doesn't require specialised treatment;
- the child has an interest or ability in a subject or activity.

We may seek our own advice to establish whether this is the only school that could meet a child's needs.

If we accept that the child would experience a significant detriment by not being able to attend this school, we will agree that there is an exceptional need to attend this school. The application will be prioritised. This does not guarantee that a place will be available.

Where we do not agree that the need is exceptional, the application will be prioritised according to other oversubscription criteria.

Supporting evidence attached

Yes / No

Nature of the supporting evidence you are submitting:

Name(s) and organisation(s) of the professional(s) providing supporting evidence

Privacy and Data Protection:

Your personal data is being used by the school and Dorset Council for the purposes of an application for admission to school. We undertake to ensure your personal data will only be used in accordance with our privacy notice which can be accessed on the school website and at <u>www.dorsetcouncil.gov.uk</u>

Please confirm that you give your consent to the school and Council using your personal data as outlined in our privacy notice, by signing below. You have the right to withdraw your consent at any time. Should you wish to withdraw consent, please contact Council's Admissions Team at <u>Dorset School Admissions</u>

If you wish to exercise any of your rights under the General Data Protection Regulation, please contact the Council's Data Protection Officer via <u>Dorset Data Protection Information</u> or the school

I confirm that I have submitted a LA Common Application Form.

Applicant's name	Date	
Please sign here		

Please return this form to: The School or The Schools Admissions Team Dorset School Admissions

St Mary's Catholic First School Faith Supplementary Information Form 2023-24

To be completed only where a parent is seeking admissions priority on faith criteria.

Where there are more applications than there are places, we will prioritise applications where a faith criterion has been met. Please complete and return this form to the school by **15 January 2022** or as soon as possible thereafter for admissions at the start of the Reception year.

You must also complete a Local Authority Common Application Form Dorset School Admissions

Please complete and return this form to the school as soon as possible for in-year admissions. You must also complete a Dorset Council's Common Application Form Dorset In-Year Transfer

Please read the admissions policy, including definitions, before completing this form. PART A – to be completed by the parent

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Full r	name of child			
Date	of Birth			
Please tick box if it describes your child's circumstances.				
	Criterion 3	Priority will next be given to children who are Baptised Catholic. ⁶		
	Criterion 5	Priority will next be given to children of other Christian denominations ¹⁷ whose membership is evidenced by a minister of religion.		
	Criterion 6	Priority will next be given to children of other faiths ¹⁸ whose membership is evidenced by a religious leader. ⁸		
	I attach a copy of the Baptismal Certificate or a Certificate of Dedication. (If you are providing a copy of a Baptismal Certificate or a Certificate of Dedication, it is not necessary to have Part B completed.)			

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I confirm that I have submitted a Local Authority Common Application Form.

Parent's name	Date	
Please sign here		

¹⁷ 'Children of other Christian denominations' means children who belong to other churches and ecclesial communities which acknowledge God's revelation in Christ, confess the Lord Jesus Christ as God and Saviour according to the Scriptures and, in obedience to God's will and in the power of the Holy Spirit commit themselves: to seek a deepening of their communion with Christ and with one another in the Church, which is his body; and to fulfil their mission to proclaim the Gospel by common witness and service to the world to the glory of the one God, Father, Son and Holy Spirit. An ecclesial community which, on principle, has no credal statements in its tradition is included if it manifests faith in Christ as witnessed to in the Scriptures and is committed to working in the spirit of the above. All members of Churches Together in England (CTE) and Churches Together in Wales (CYTUN) are deemed to be included in the above definition, as are all other churches and ecclesial communities that are in membership of any local Churches Together Group (by whatever title) on the above basis. Evidence will be by a completed <u>Faith Supplementary information Form</u>.

¹⁸ Evidence will be by a completed <u>Faith Supplementary information Form</u>, together with a Baptism Certificate, a Certificate of Dedication or verification by a minister of religion for that faith.

Once you have completed Part A, please pass the form to your priest, minister, faith leader or church official who should complete Part B and return it to the school. Only where both parts are completed, and the form is returned can your application be prioritised accordingly. If you don't return this form, your application will be considered under the "non-faith" criteria.

PART B – to be completed by a Church Priest or Minister where a Baptism Certificate or Certificate of Dedication is not provided			
Full n	ame of child		
Churo	ch		
Priest	t or minister		
Addre	ess		
Telep	hone		
From	From your knowledge, please tick box if it describes the child's circumstances:		
	Criterion 3	Priority will next be given to children who are Baptised Catholic. ⁶	
	Criterion 5	Priority will next be given to children of other Christian denominations ¹⁹ whose membership is evidenced by a minister of religion.	
	Criterion 6	Priority will next be given to children of other faiths ²⁰ whose membership is evidenced by a religious leader. ⁸	

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If you wish to exercise any of your rights under the General Data Protection Regulation, please contact the Council's Data Protection Officer via <u>Dorset Data Protection Information</u> or the school

I confirm that the information above is accurate.

Please sign here		
Your name	Date	

Thank you for your assistance in completing this Supplementary Information Form. Please note that if a family is refused a place at the school and appeals against the decision, this form may be used as evidence at the appeal.

Please return this form to: St Mary's Catholic Frist School, Lucetta Lane, Dorchester, Dorset, DT1 2DD

¹⁹ Children of other Christian denominations' means children who belong to other churches and ecclesial communities which acknowledge God's revelation in Christ, confess the Lord Jesus Christ as God and Saviour according to the Scriptures and, in obedience to God's will and in the power of the Holy Spirit commit themselves: to seek a deepening of their communion with Christ and with one another in the Church, which is his body; and to fulfil their mission to proclaim the Gospel by common witness and service to the world to the glory of the one God, Father, Son and Holy Spirit. An ecclesial community which, on principle, has no credal statements in its tradition is included if it manifests faith in Christ as witnessed to in the Scriptures and is committed to working in the spirit of the above. All members of Churches Together in England (CTE) and Churches Together in Wales (CYTUN) are deemed to be included in the above definition, as are all other churches and ecclesial communities that are in membership of any local Churches Together Group (by whatever title) on the above basis. Evidence will be by a completed Faith Supplementary information Form.

²⁰ Evidence will be by a completed <u>Faith Supplementary information Form</u>, together with a Baptism Certificate, a Certificate of Dedication or verification by a minister of religion for that faith.